

*BOEM: Best Management Practices Workshop for Atlantic Offshore Wind Facilities*



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# Overview of NMFS 2016 Technical Guidance for Assessing the Effects of Anthropogenic Sound on Marine Mammal Hearing

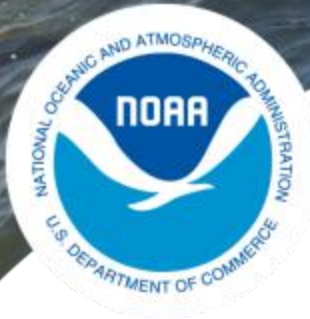
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**NOAA's National Marine Fisheries Service  
Office of Protected Resources  
Silver Spring, Maryland, U.S.  
<http://www.nmfs.noaa.gov/pr/acoustics>**

**March 7, 2017**



# Technical Guidance



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- ④ Updated marine mammal acoustic thresholds: Hearing (TTS/PTS onset)
- ④ Broadly applied across internal/external (consistency)
- ④ First time thresholds provided in one place
- ④ Mechanism to update with new science
- ④ **What it is not:**
  - The entirety of an impact assessment (tool)
  - Applicable to protected fishes & sea turtles



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# Contents



## Main document (summary)

- Updated weighting functions
- Updated PTS onset thresholds



## Appendices (more detailed)

- Finneran Technical Report (Appendix A)
- Research Recommendations (Appendix B)
- Peer Review & Public Comment Processes (Appendix C)
- Alternative Methodology (Appendix D)
- Glossary (Appendix E)

Technical Guidance for Assessing the  
Effects of Anthropogenic Sound on  
Marine Mammal Hearing

Underwater Acoustic Thresholds for Onset of  
Permanent and Temporary Threshold Shifts



U.S. Department of Commerce  
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration  
National Marine Fisheries Service

NOAA Technical Memorandum NMFS-GPO  
2014



# PTS Onset Thresholds

## Sources

- Impulsive: explosives, seismic, impact pile driving
- Non-impulsive: drilling, vibratory pile driving

## Metrics






- Peak sound pressure level (PK): impulsive only
- Cumulative sound exposure level ( $SEL_{cum}$ )
  - Recommended 24-h accumulation period

## Marine mammals hearing groups

- Low- (LF), mid (MF)-, and high-frequency (HF) cetaceans
- Phocid (PW) and otariid (OW) pinnipeds

## Auditory weighting functions



Hearing Group	PTS Onset* (Received Level)	
	Impulsive	Non-impulsive
Low-Frequency Cetaceans (LF) 	PK: 219 dB SEL <sub>cum</sub> : 183 dB	SEL <sub>cum</sub> : 199 dB
Mid-Frequency Cetaceans (MF) 	PK: 230 dB SEL <sub>cum</sub> : 185 dB	SEL <sub>cum</sub> : 198 dB
High-Frequency Cetaceans (HF) 	PK: 202 dB SEL <sub>cum</sub> : 155 dB	SEL <sub>cum</sub> : 173 dB
Phocid Pinnipeds (PW) 	PK: 218 dB SEL <sub>cum</sub> : 185 dB	SEL <sub>cum</sub> : 201 dB
Otariid Pinnipeds (OW) 	PK: 232 dB SEL <sub>cum</sub> : 203 dB	SEL <sub>cum</sub> : 219 dB

- Dual thresholds (impulsive): Use one resulting in largest effect distance (isopleth).
- SEL<sub>cum</sub> thresholds incorporates weighting functions

**\*Replaces previous RMS: 180 dB (cetacean)/190 dB (pinniped)**

**Behavior: Still relying upon 120 dB (continuous)/160 dB (impulsive)**



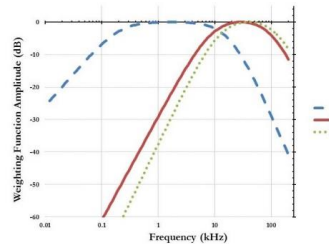
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# Implementation Considerations

- **SEL<sub>cum</sub> thresholds & weighting functions**
  - Recognize challenge of using these new factors
    - Differing capabilities among applicants
  - Developed *optional* user tools (Appendix D & User Spreadsheet)
    - Weighting Factor Adjustments (WFA)
    - Accumulate SEL for mobile & stationary sources
      - Asking for new information (e.g., strikes per pile, piles per day, etc.)



SEL<sub>cum</sub>



Weighting Functions





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# Weighting Factor Adjustment (WFA)

- All applicants uses same thresholds
- Allows for an adjustment (-dB) for each hearing group (single frequency)
  - Narrowband Sounds: primary frequency (easier)
  - Broadband Sounds: 95% frequency contour (similar concept used for RMS: 90% cumulative energy window, but upper frequency containing 95% energy of sound)

**Spreadsheet UPDATE: Currently exploring options to incorporate weighting functions over entire spectrum of broadband sounds vs. single frequency via WFA.**



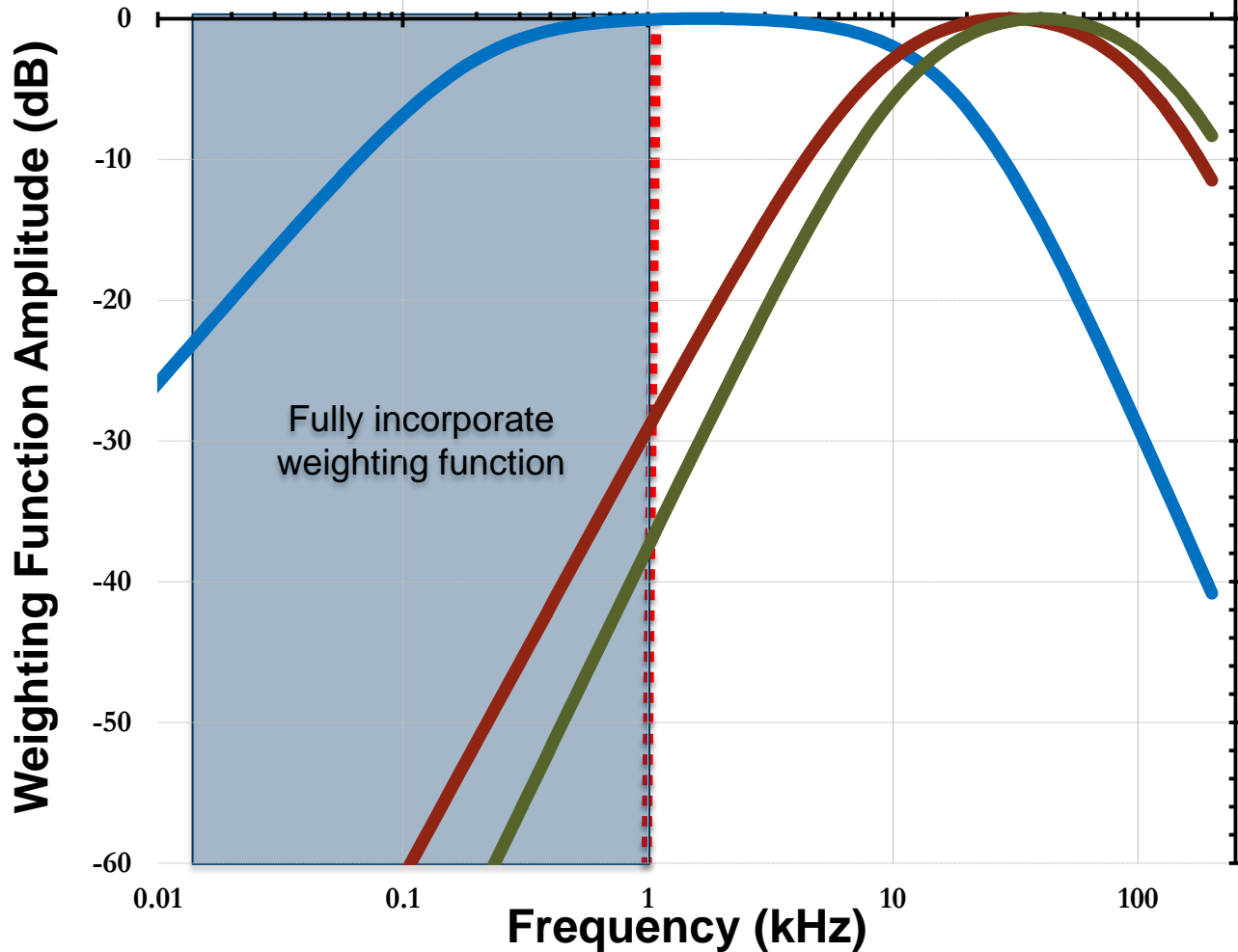
# Example Using WFA

Broadband: 95% frequency contour percentile (kHz) OR  
Narrowband: frequency (kHz)

1

1 kHz:  
WFA

	Low-Frequency Cetaceans	Mid-Frequency Cetaceans	High-Frequency Cetaceans
Adjustment (dB)	-0.06	-29.11	-37.55



# Mobile: Safe Distance\*



- 🌐 **Simple source movement**
  - Constant velocity & direction
- 🌐 **Receiver is stationary**
  - No horizontal (avoid/attract to source) or vertical movement
- 🌐 **Distance between “pulses” for intermittent sources is consistent**
- 🌐 **Assumes spherical spreading**

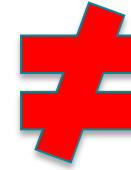
\* Sivle et al. 2014

## Stationary: 24-h Accumulation Isopleth

- 🌐 **Total exposure (isopleth) over 24-h (or less if activity is less than 24 h)**
- 🌐 **Receiver is stationary**



# New Information Needed



- Realize challenging for everyone!
- New/Additional metrics needed
- Need to account for exposure duration (need more specifics)



- How long activity in 24-h period?
- Number of strikes per pile/piles per day?
- Pulse duration, repetition rate?
- What if information is not available?
  - Default values: pulse duration, spectrum, etc.
    - Inherently conservative
  - Can defaults always be provided (variability)?

- Working on adapting User Spreadsheet & providing more guidance on appropriate defaults

- How does exposure translate to animal?



- Understanding source: Easier
- Understanding animal: Hard!
  - Transient/resident
  - How using area? Context?

# Next Steps



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## Internal/external check-ins

- Feedback (please!)
- Lessons learned/adaptation
  - Benefit for update & future documents



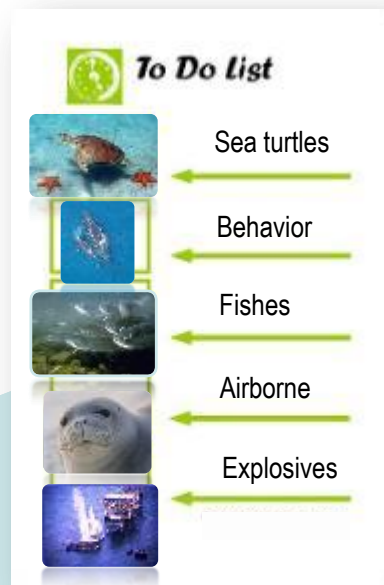
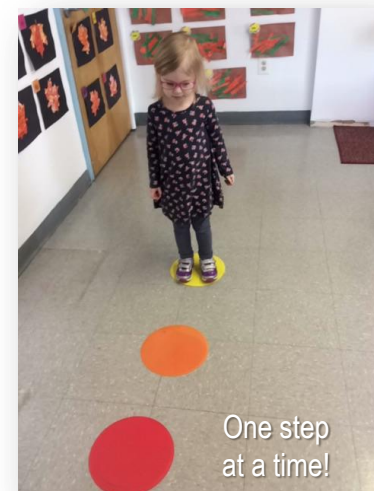
## Continue to evaluate/monitor new data

- Predict updates every 3-5 years



## Next on "To Do" List?

- Marine mammal behavior
- Fishes/sea turtles
- Etc.....including updates!





**Thanks for  
listening!**



**<http://www.nmfs.noaa.gov/pr/acoustics>**

# Optional User Spreadsheet Examples

# User Spreadsheet



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**Updated Technical Guidance is more complex than current NMFS thresholds**



**Use of spreadsheet is *optional***

- Applicants are not obligated to use this tool
- Spreadsheet provides default tools to help with:
  - $SEL_{cum}$  thresholds (account for level and duration of exposure)
    - For impulsive sources, users are responsible for also considering thresholds expressed in PK metric
  - Weighting functions currently via WFA
  - More information on alternative methodology found in Appendix D of Technical Guidance