

BOEM ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES PROGRAM: ONGOING STUDIES

Region: Alaska

Planning Area(s): Chukchi Sea

Title: Hanna Shoal Ecosystem Study (AK-11-03)

BOEM Information Need(s) to be Addressed: This study will constitute a key component of Chukchi Sea environmental studies pertinent to Chukchi Sea Lease Sale 193 held in 2008. The highest oil industry interest is in the Burger prospect bordering Hanna Shoal to the south. The BOEM analysts and decision makers will use the information in NEPA analysis and documentation for Lease Sales, EPs and DPPs and in post-sale and post-exploration decision making in the Chukchi Sea. This study addresses aspects of USGS Recommendations 3.01, 3.02, 3.04, 3.05, 3.07, 4.01, 5.06 and 5.24.

Total Cost: \$5,645,000

Period of Performance: FY 2011-2016

Conducting Organization: University of Texas at Austin

Principal Investigator: Dr. Kenneth H. Dunton, Dr. Steven M. Lanoux, Dr. David R. Maidment

BOEM Contact: [Dr. Heather Crowley](#)

Description:

Background: The ongoing COMIDA CAB study is highlighting the importance of Hanna Shoal in the NE Chukchi Sea as a biological oasis bordering the boundary between Chukchi and Arctic Ocean waters. The reason for this, however, is poorly understood. The shallower waters of the shoal have long been known as traps for grounding of bergy bits and deep-keeled sea ice, and a reoccurring polynya is created down current of the grounded ice.

Bering Sea water entering the Chukchi Sea and flowing north is thought to flow both to the east and west of the shoal. Historically, the transport of this warmer Bering Sea water past Hanna Shoal has resulted in melt out of open water “bays” in the ice cover on either side of Hanna Shoal. In most recent years with global warming, floating pack ice in summer persists in this area longer than elsewhere in the Chukchi, often surrounded by open water even to the north. This persistence strengthens the vertical stratification over Hanna Shoal as this residual summer ice melts and freshens the surface layer. Taylor columns may be responsible for maintaining ice in the regions of Herald and Hanna shoals. Circulation processes around Hanna Shoal are poorly understood, but the circulation here is part of a broader circulation field that connects the Chukchi and Beaufort. Waters draining through Herald Valley to the western Chukchi shelf and slope regions are carried to the eastern Beaufort, where outer shelf and slope waters are very likely brought back onto the shelf.

Biological “hot spots” in the Chukchi Sea are thought to be related to coupled pelagic and benthic productivity. A high abundance of bottom fauna is correlated with high pelagic primary

production, possibly associated with the ice edge that reached the seabed mostly ungrazed. However, the mechanisms that must explain the productivity at Hanna Shoal are relatively poorly understood. With the retreat of the summer ice-edge to deeper, more northern waters in recent years, this pelagic/benthic coupling may be weakening at Hanna Shoal. The ongoing productivity of this region depends on the timing and position of the ice edge. Other BOEM projects in the Chukchi are showing sustained benthic productivity in the area of Hanna Shoal accompanied by high concentrations of water birds, walrus, and whales.

Ongoing BOEM studies looking at ocean heat transport across the central U.S. Chukchi Sea, to the south and at circulation to the east, toward Barrow Canyon will provide context to this study.

Objectives:

- Refocus the ecological monitoring started under COMIDA CAB to the region of Hanna Shoal, including nearby biological “hot spots.”
- Verify and enhance the food web/contaminant bioaccumulation structure developed in the COMIDA CAB study.
- Measure water column and benthic primary and secondary productivity and biomass, and determine the relation to oceanographic processes.
- Document annual circulation and density fields, as well as ice conditions, at Hanna Shoal throughout the year and examine important chemical, physical and biological interactions with the unique ecological regime in this highly productive area.
- Better understand the physical processes controlling circulation patterns in the region through analyses of numerical ocean process model results.
- Integrate effort and findings with recent and ongoing BOEM and other NE Chukchi Sea studies of higher trophic levels.
- Participate in the Distributed Biological Observatory for the Northeast Chukchi Sea

Methods: This project will continue COMIDA CAB benthic sampling, food web analysis, and contaminant measurements, focusing on the Hanna Shoal region. Water column primary and secondary production and biomass also will be measured. Cruise zooplankton data will be supplemented by data from moored zooplankton-sensing acoustic Doppler current profilers (ADCP) units capable of distinguishing copepod and euphausiid biomass signatures. Appropriate moored and shipboard measurements of currents, sea ice drift, and hydrography (including geochemistry) will examine circulation and density fields. Moorings will be used for long term profiling of temperature and salinity, including under ice measurements in winter. Additional oceanographic data may be obtained from other projects such as the proposed extension of the Chukchi oceanographic study, these data include: HF radar, moored ADCPs, meteorological buoys, and gliders. Formal integration with other BOEM projects will be made through the planned “Marine Mammal/Physical Oceanography Synthesis” to provide upper trophic components to the study. Coordination will occur with other international, NSF, NOAA, ADEC, and industry research in the Chukchi Sea.

This study will use numerical ocean process model simulations for the Chukchi Sea, with focus on Hanna Shoal, to better understand the physical processes controlling circulation patterns in the region. Analyses will be performed on the model results to examine interactions of the flow

field and density structure with the topography and their relation to productivity and biomass distribution. An ecosystem model also may be incorporated into the simulations.

Current Status: Ongoing

Final Report Due: August 2015

Publications Completed: None

Affiliated WWW Sites: <http://www.boem.gov/Environmental-Stewardship/Environmental-Studies/Alaska-Region/Index.aspx>
<http://comidacab.org/>

Revised Date: December 2011