

Marine Minerals Program

Developing a Roadmap to Address an Increasing Demand for Sand from the Outer Continental Shelf





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Topics

- BOEM's Jurisdiction, Authority, and Stewardship Role
- Demand and Interest for OCS Sand
- OCS Resource Availability
- National Offshore Sand Inventory
 - Where Resources Present
 - Where Resources Absent or Limited



Long Beach Island, NJ

- Marine Mineral Information System (MMIS)
- Managing OCS Resources
 - Future Needs
 - Potential Conflicting Uses
 - Multiple Interest in Same Resource Area





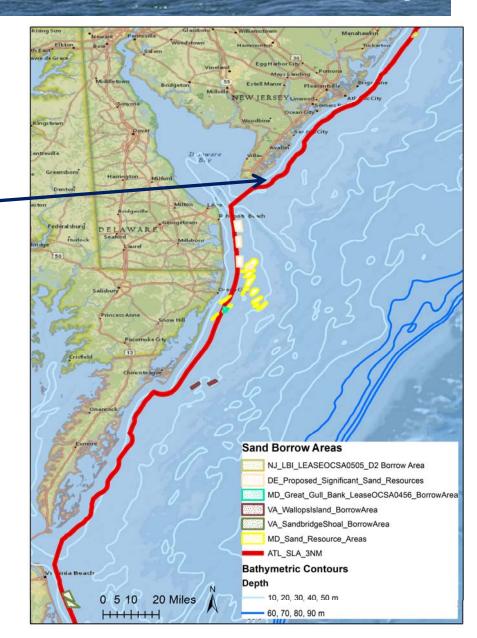
BOEM Jurisdiction and Authority

Outer Continental Shelf (OCS) or Federal jurisdiction begins seaward of the Submerged Lands Act (SLA) boundary.

Generally 3 nautical miles (nm) from shore (but 3 leagues or 9 nm offshore Texas and west coast of Florida) and extends 200 nm.

BOEM's Authority = OCS Lands Act (43 U.S.C. § 1331, et. seq.)

Regulations = 30 CFR Parts 580, 581, 582, and 583



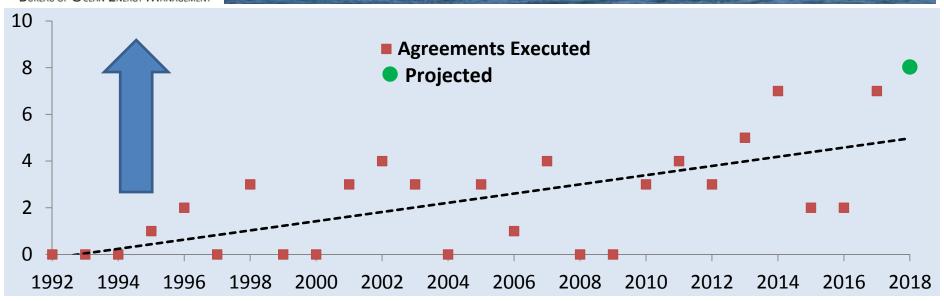


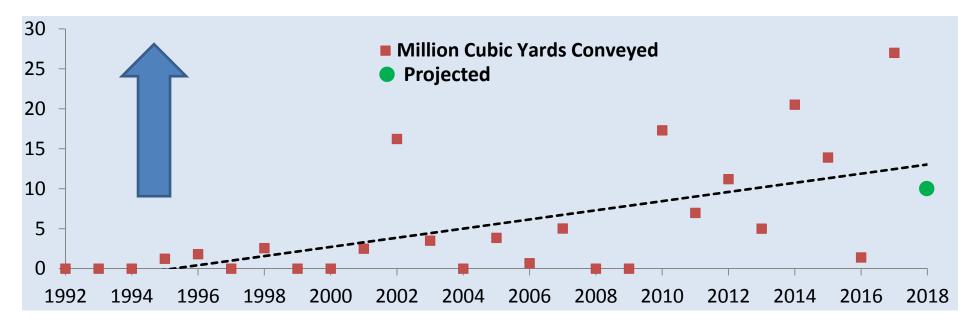
Stewardship Role

- BOEM is responsible for managing development of Outer Continental Shelf (OCS) non-energy marine mineral resources.
- As the nation's steward for these resources, BOEM must ensure that the removal of any mineral resource is done in a <u>safe and</u> <u>environmentally sound</u> manner.
- As a responsible steward and resource manager, BOEM needs to know where and how much resource may be available in order to make informed decisions on its use.
- DOI and BOEM play a critical role in shoreline protection projects without sand/material projects cannot be constructed.



Increasing Demand for OCS Sand







What is Driving OCS Demand?

- Diminishing Resources in State Waters
- Environmental Concerns w/ Dredging in State Waters
- Larger & Higher Quality Resources in Federal Waters
- Increased Recent Storm Activity?
- More States Interested in OCS Sand (8 total)
 - Recent: NJ (2014) and MS (2016)
 - Future: DE, NY, and others (?)



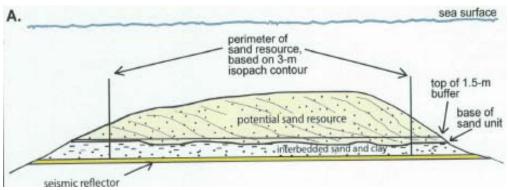


Resource Availability on OCS

- Several factors determine the availability and feasibility of dredging OCS sand:
 - Compatibility
 - Water depth
 - Sediment thickness
 - Resource area shape
 - Transport distances
 - Environmental impacts
 - Conflicting uses







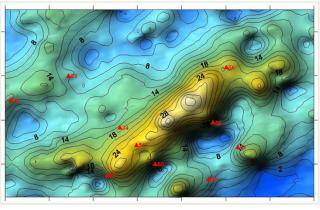


National Offshore Sand Inventory

- BOEM/state cooperative agreements
- Atlantic Sand Assessment Project (ASAP)
- Project/Lease Data
- Environmental Study Data
- Identification of Data Gaps
- Prioritize Areas for Future Assessment



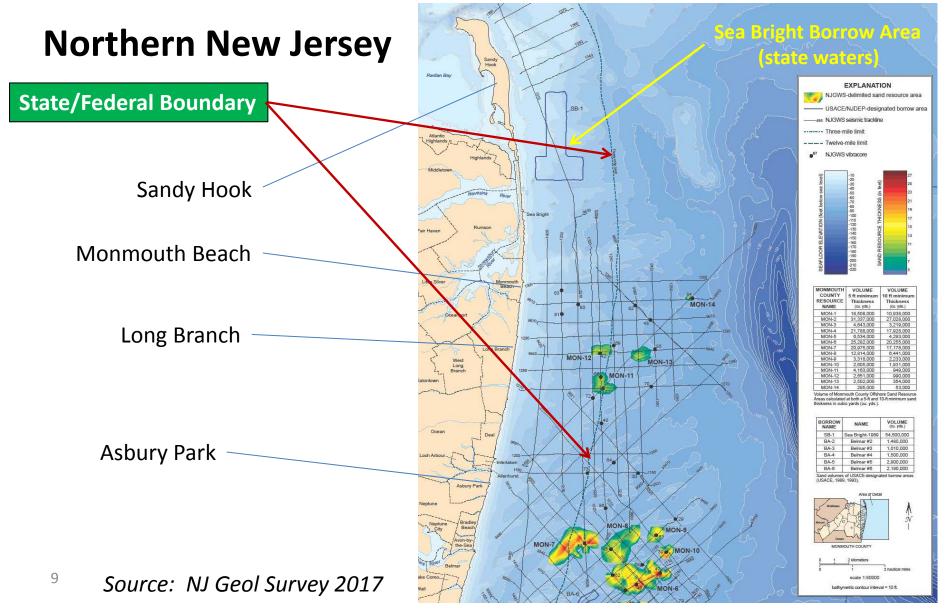








Areas w/ Limited Resources





State and BOEM Collaboration

- History of BOEM/state cooperative agreements
 - Since early 1990s
 - Have worked w/ 18 states (Atlantic, GOM, Pacific)
 - Currently have 15 active agreements
 - Invested tens of \$\$ millions
 - Reports on website (https://www.boem.gov/Marine-

Mineral-Resource-Evaluation





Marine Minerals Information System (MMIS)

Data Accessibility / **Authoritative Data Source**





Products Developed **Populated Data** Model

Developed

Data Model

Sharing with **Partners** and Public

ROSSI

Regional Offshore Sand Source Inventory



MarineCadastre.gov

SediSearch



LOUISIANA SAND/SEDIMENT RESOURCES DATABASE (LASARD)

> Lamont-Doherty Earth Observatory COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY | EARTH INSTITUTE



Unstructured **Data**

2016

2018

2014

2015

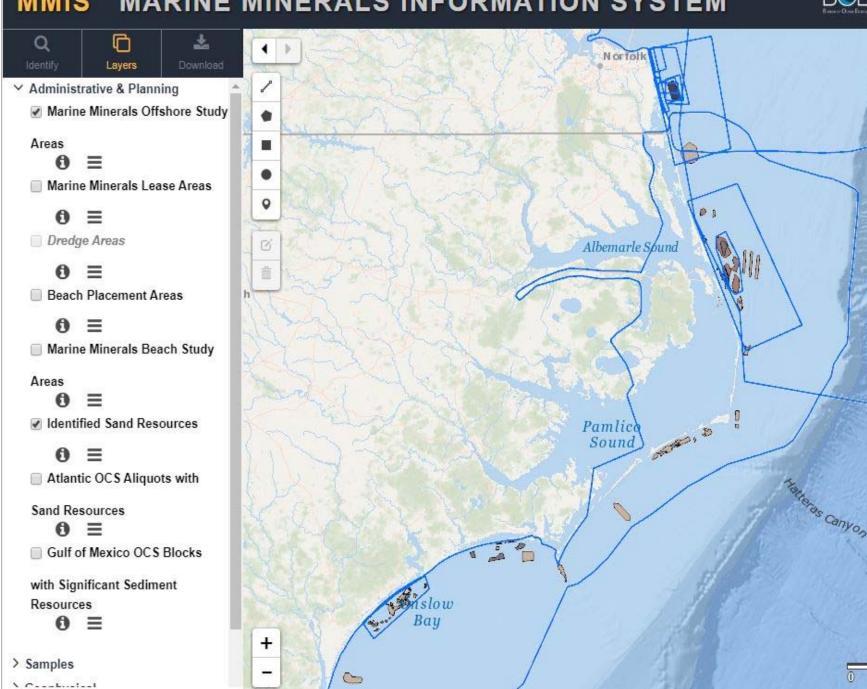
2017



MMIS MARINE MINERALS INFORMATION SYSTEM





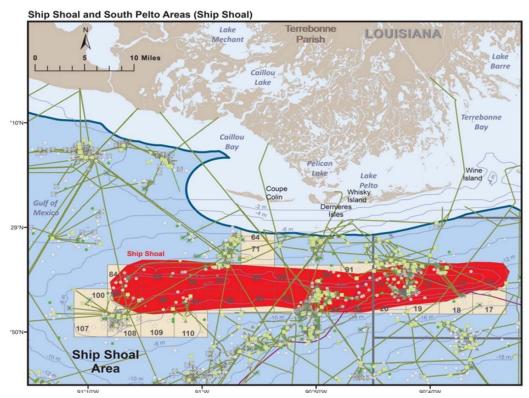




Potential Conflicting Uses

Types:

- Fiber optic and electric transmission cables, pipelines, platforms
- Other material demands
- Fishing
- Heavy mineral mining





Future OCS Sand Needs

- BOEM supplies the sand for projects
- BOEM does not identify needs or plan projects <u>BUT</u>!
 - Where, how much, and when material is needed are critical for management decisions
 - Planning is challenging when oftentimes need driven by last storm event and projects are funded individually
 - Regional perspective FL example (Irma)





Multiple Interest in the Same Area

- Resource Allocation May Become an Issue
- Regional Strategies for OCS Sand Use
- Storm Contingencies
- Regional Agreements
- Regional Programmatic EISs
- Rulemaking (?)



"This really is an innovative approach, but I'm afraid we can't consider it. It's never been done before."



Summary

- Demand for OCS Sand Increasing
- National Offshore Sand Inventory to ID Resources
- States play a critical role
- MMIS = BOEM Authoritative Data Source
- Mechanisms to Address:
 - Competing Use of Resources
 - Multiple Interests in Same Resource Area
 - Regional Resource Limitations





For More Information

