



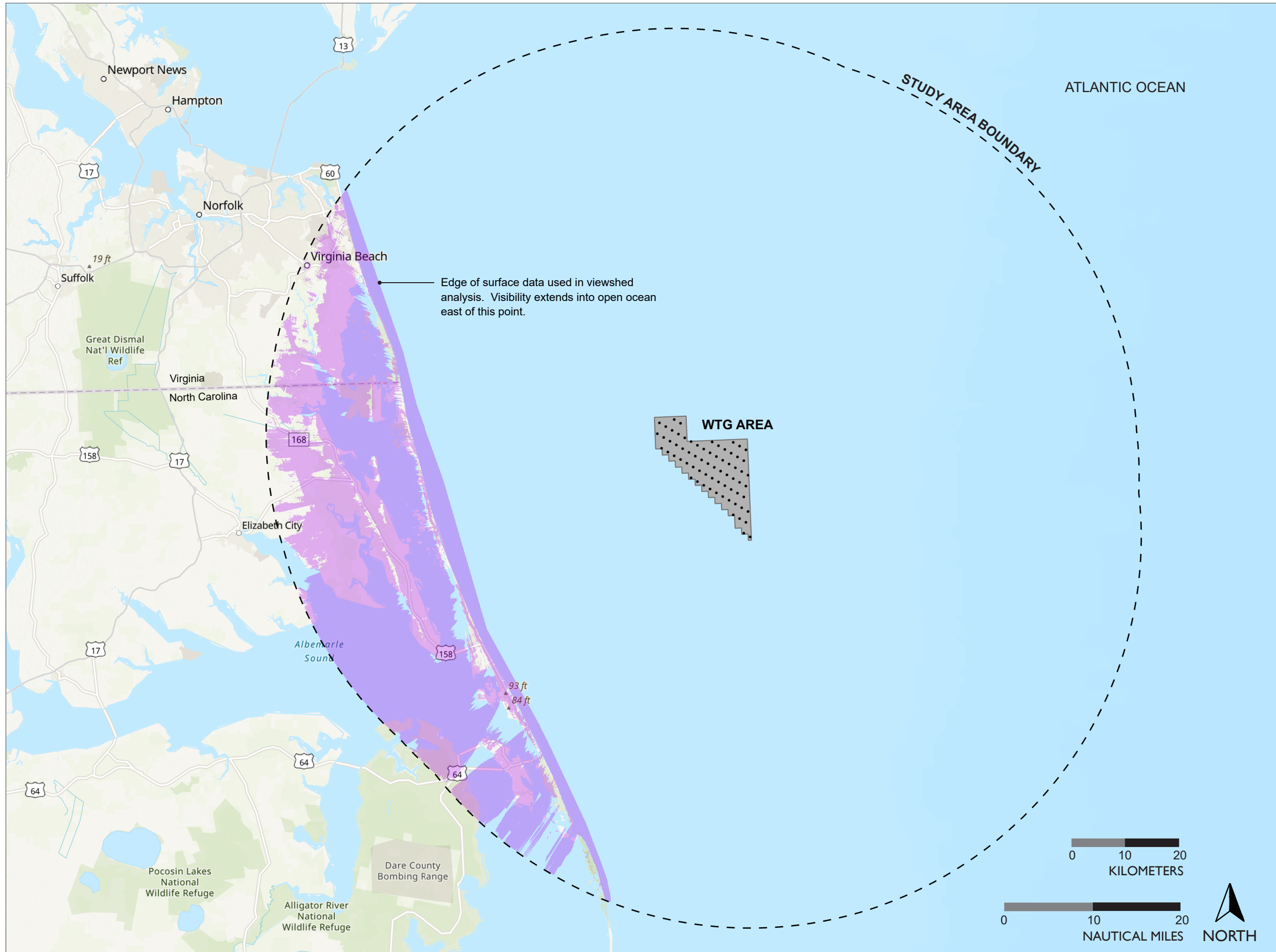
Attachment 1

Viewshed Analysis

Kitty Hawk North Wind
Visual Impact Assessment

14 October 2021 (MAP 04 Revised 30 September 2022)

tjd&a



Edge of surface data used in viewshed analysis. Visibility extends into open ocean east of this point.



COMPUTER-BASED VIEWSHED ANALYSIS

MAP 01

Potential Visibility of Blade Tips based on Topographic Data

LEGEND

- Proposed WTG Location
- Lease Area
- - - Study Area Boundary (74 km / 40 nm)
- Area of Theoretical Blade Tip Visibility Based only on DTM

ANALYSIS NOTES

Map shows theoretical areas of visibility for offshore WTG blade tips, relying on the screening effects of topography alone (without accounting for vegetation and structures such as buildings).

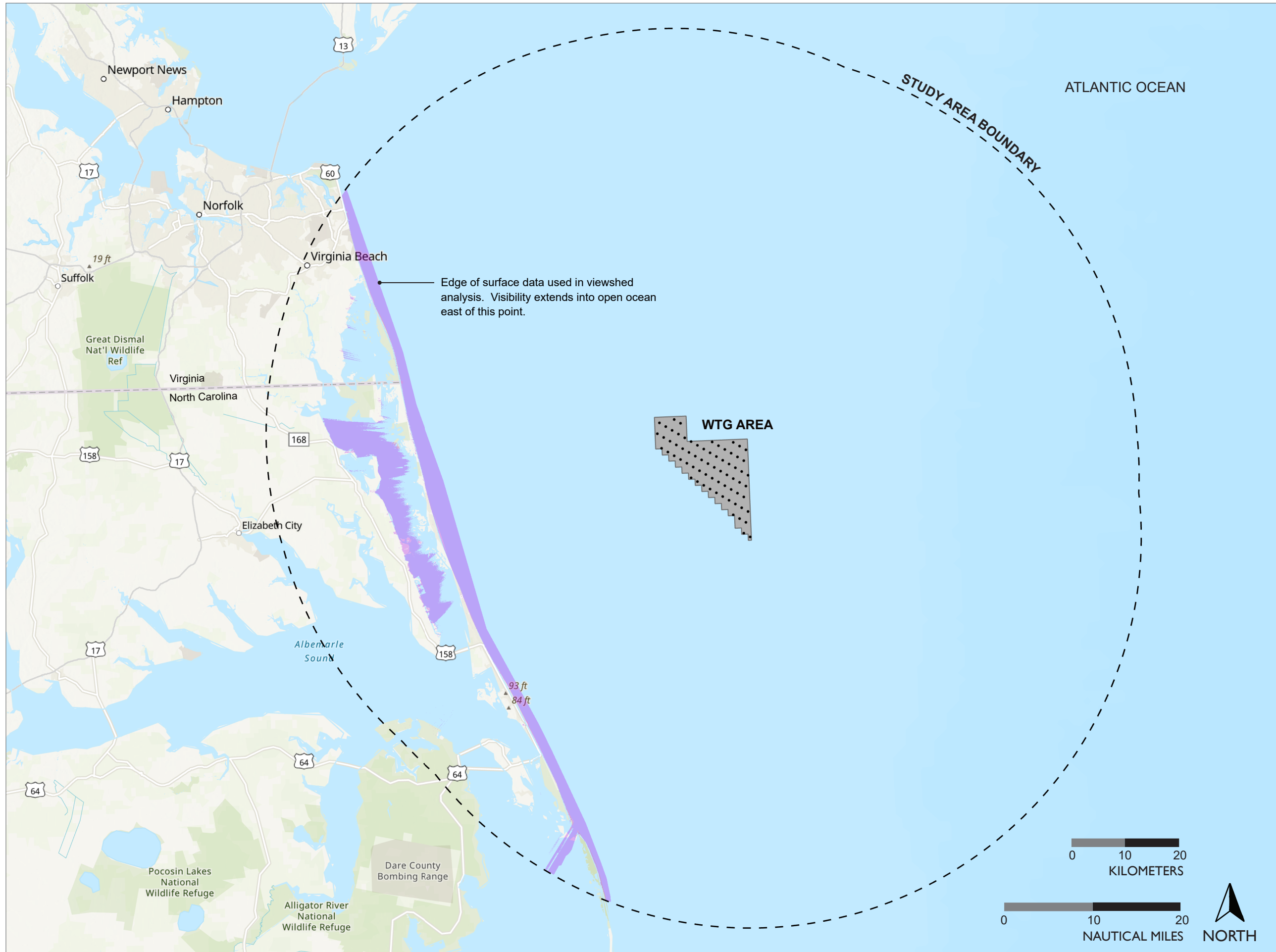
The analysis is based on a Digital Terrain Model (DTM) processed at 10-foot resolution from first return LiDAR point cloud data acquired from the USGS National Map. The viewer height is set at 1.8 m (5.9 ft) above ground level elevation.

The purple areas represent where a viewer may theoretically see at least one WTG blade tip without intervening surface data.

The analysis does not determine the degree of visibility based on distance or the number of visible WTGs. It does not take into account visual acuity or atmospheric conditions. Potential visibility needs to be confirmed with field investigations and other visualization techniques.

KITTY HAWK NORTH WIND





LEGEND

- Proposed WTG Location
- Lease Area
- - - Study Area Boundary (74 km / 40 nm)
- Area of Potential Blade Tip Visibility Based on DTM + DSM

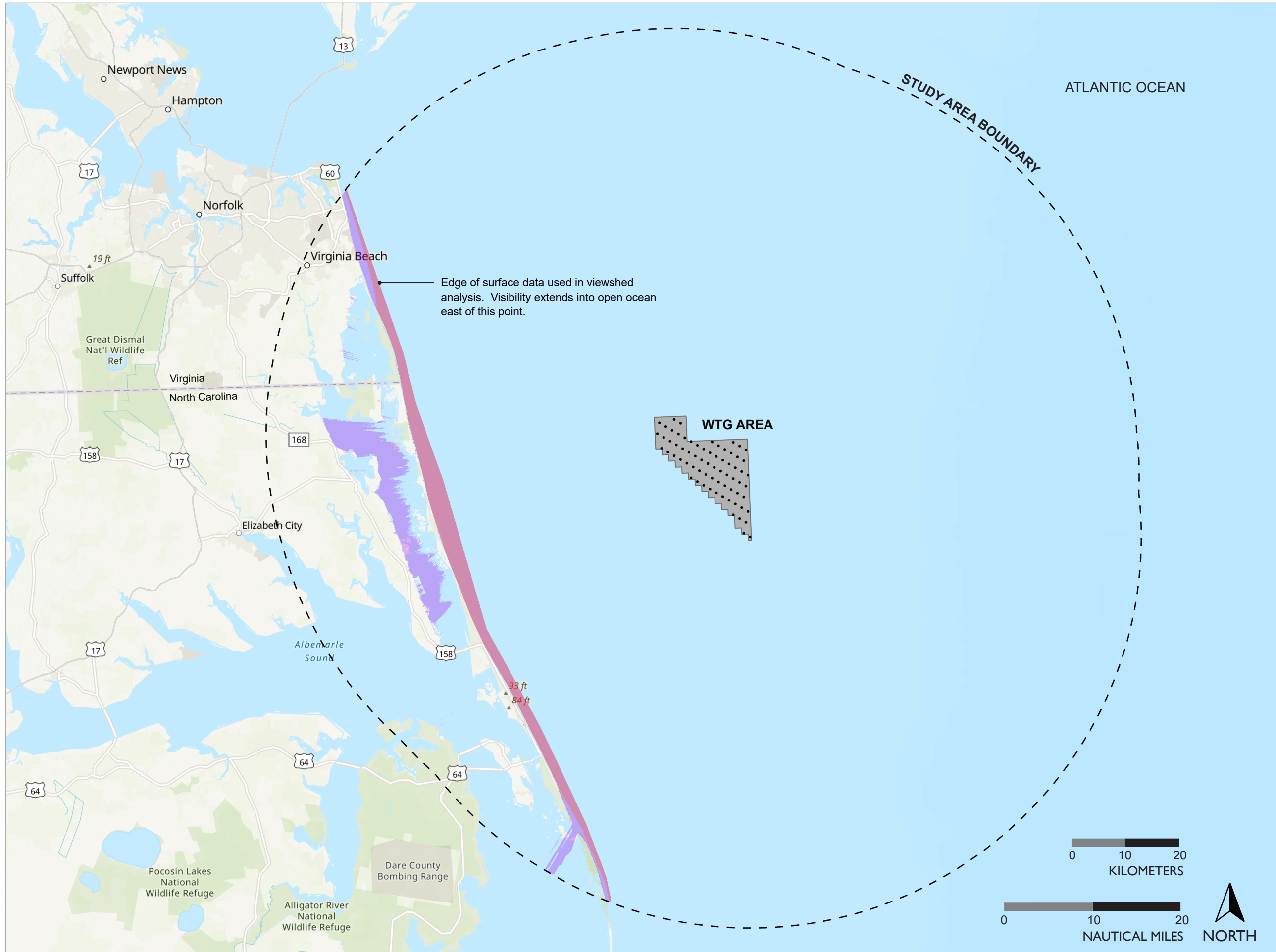
ANALYSIS NOTES

Map shows potential areas of visibility for offshore WTG blade tips, relying on the screening effects of both topography and surface data (accounting for vegetation and structures such as buildings).

The analysis is based on a Digital Terrain Model (DTM) processed at 10-foot resolution from first return LiDAR point cloud data acquired from the USGS National Map. The viewer height is set at 1.8 m (5.9 ft) above ground level elevation.

The purple areas represent where a viewer may potentially see at least one WTG blade tip, accounting for intervening surface data.

The analysis does not determine the degree of visibility based on distance or the number of visible WTGs. It does not take into account visual acuity or atmospheric conditions. Potential WTG visibility needs to be confirmed with field investigations and other visualization techniques.



LEGEND

- Proposed WTG Location
- Lease Area
- - - Study Area Boundary (74 km / 40 nm)
- Area of Potential Blade Tip Visibility Based on DTM + DSM
- Area of Potential Hub Visibility Based on DTM + DSM (blades also visible in this area)

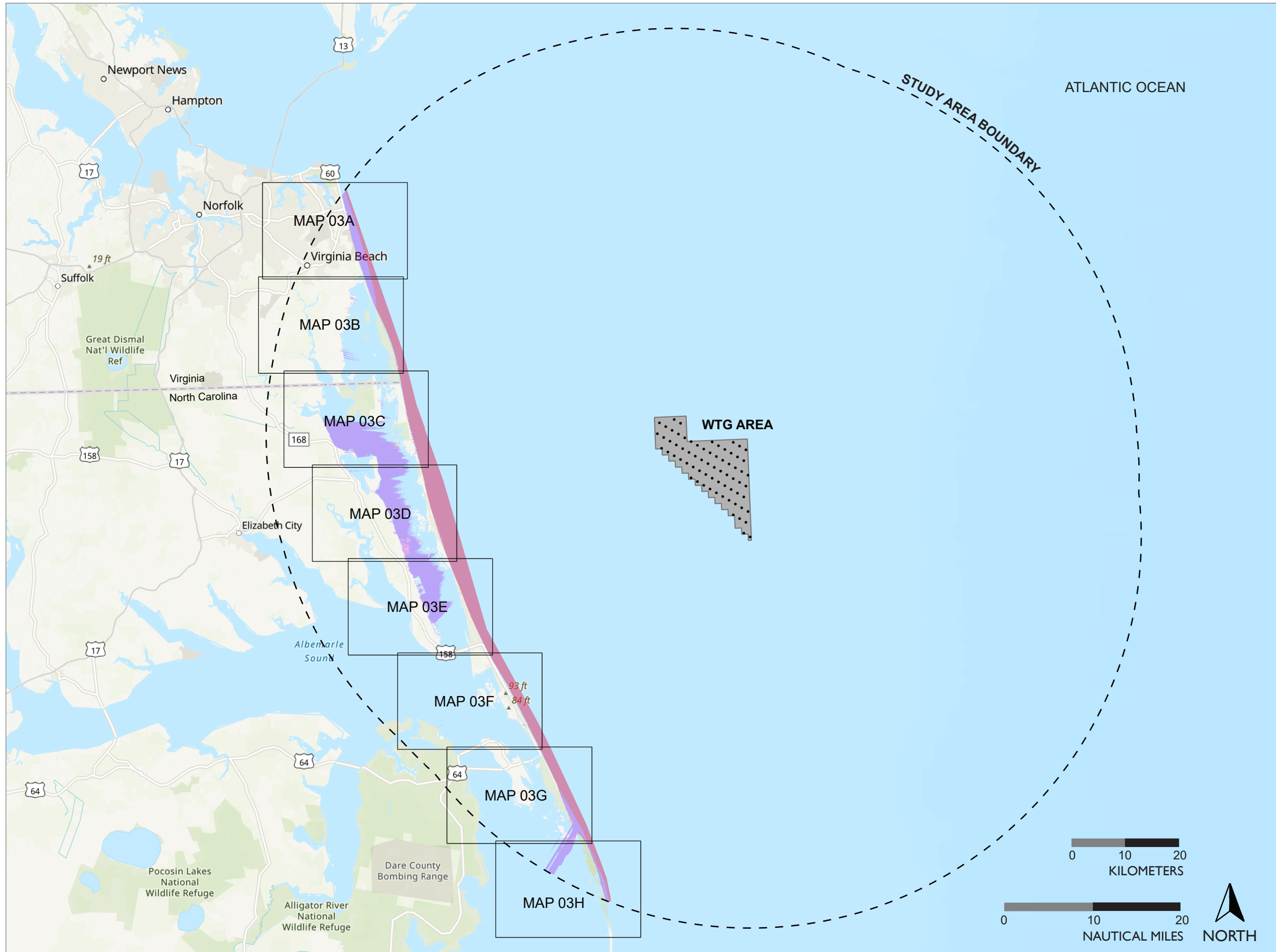
ANALYSIS NOTES

Map shows potential areas of visibility for both offshore WTG hubs and blade tips. The analysis relies on the screening effects of both topography and surface data (accounting for vegetation and structures such as buildings).

The analysis is based on a Digital Terrain Model (DTM) processed at 10-foot resolution from first return LiDAR point cloud data acquired from the USGS National Map. The viewer height is set at 1.8 m (5.9 ft) above ground level elevation.

The areas of potential hub visibility (pink) are presumed to also have visibility of blade tips. The areas of potential visibility of blade tips alone (purple) do not have visibility of the WTG hubs.

The analysis does not determine the degree of visibility based on distance or the number of visible WTGs. It does not take into account visual acuity or atmospheric conditions. Potential WTG visibility needs to be confirmed with field investigations and other visualization techniques.



KEY MAP

LEGEND

- Proposed WTG Location ■ Lease Area
- Study Area Boundary (74 km / 40 nm)
- Area of Potential Blade Tip Visibility Based on DTM + DSM
- Area of Potential Hub Visibility Based on DTM + DSM (blades also visible in this area)

ANALYSIS NOTES

Map shows potential areas of visibility for both offshore WTG hubs and blade tips. The analysis relies on the screening effects of both topography and surface data (accounting for vegetation and structures such as buildings).

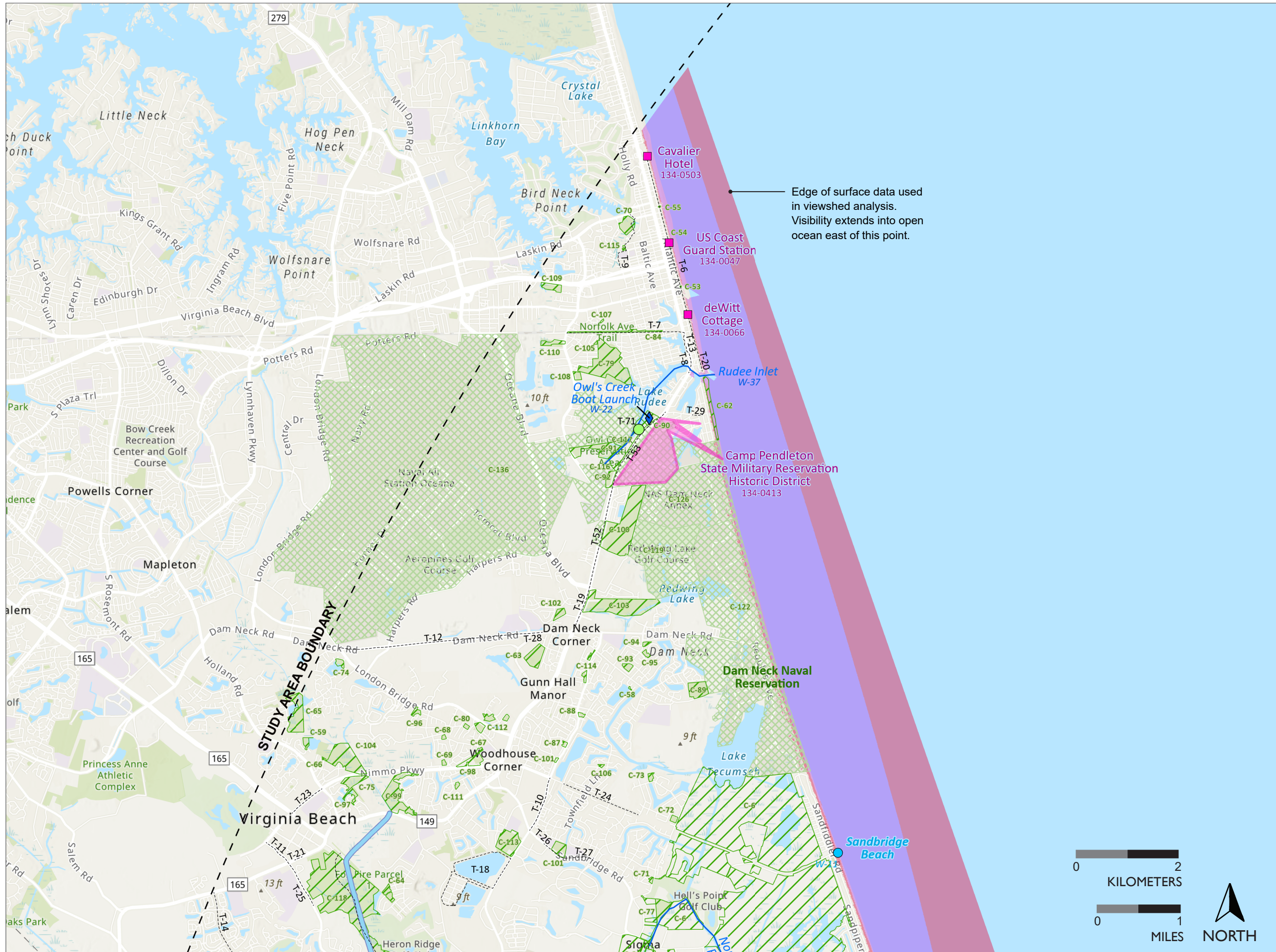
The analysis is based on a Digital Terrain Model (DTM) processed at 10-foot resolution from first return LiDAR point cloud data acquired from the USGS National Map. The viewer height is set at 1.8 m (5.9 ft) above ground level elevation.

The areas of potential hub visibility (pink) are presumed to also have visibility of blade tips. The areas of potential visibility of blade tips alone (purple) do not have visibility of the WTG hubs.

The analysis does not determine the degree of visibility based on distance or the number of visible WTGs. It does not take into account visual acuity or atmospheric conditions. Potential WTG visibility needs to be confirmed with field investigations and other visualization techniques.

**KITTY HAWK
NORTH WIND**





MAP 03A

Potential Visibility of
Blade Tips / Hubs
based on
Topographic + Surface Data

LEGEND

- Study Area Boundary (74 km / 40 nm)
- C-65 Resource ID (see Scenic Resource Table)
- KOP Visualization Locations

Visibility Analysis

- Area of Potential Blade Tip Visibility Based on DTM + DSM
- Area of Potential Hub Visibility Based on DTM + DSM (blades also visible)

Conservation Areas

- Public Conserved Lands
- Private Conserved Lands

Historic Resources

- Historic Buildings
- Historic District

Water Resources

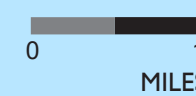
- Scenic Rivers
- Water Trails
- SE Coast Paddling Trail
- Water Access Areas
- Boating Access Sites

Trails

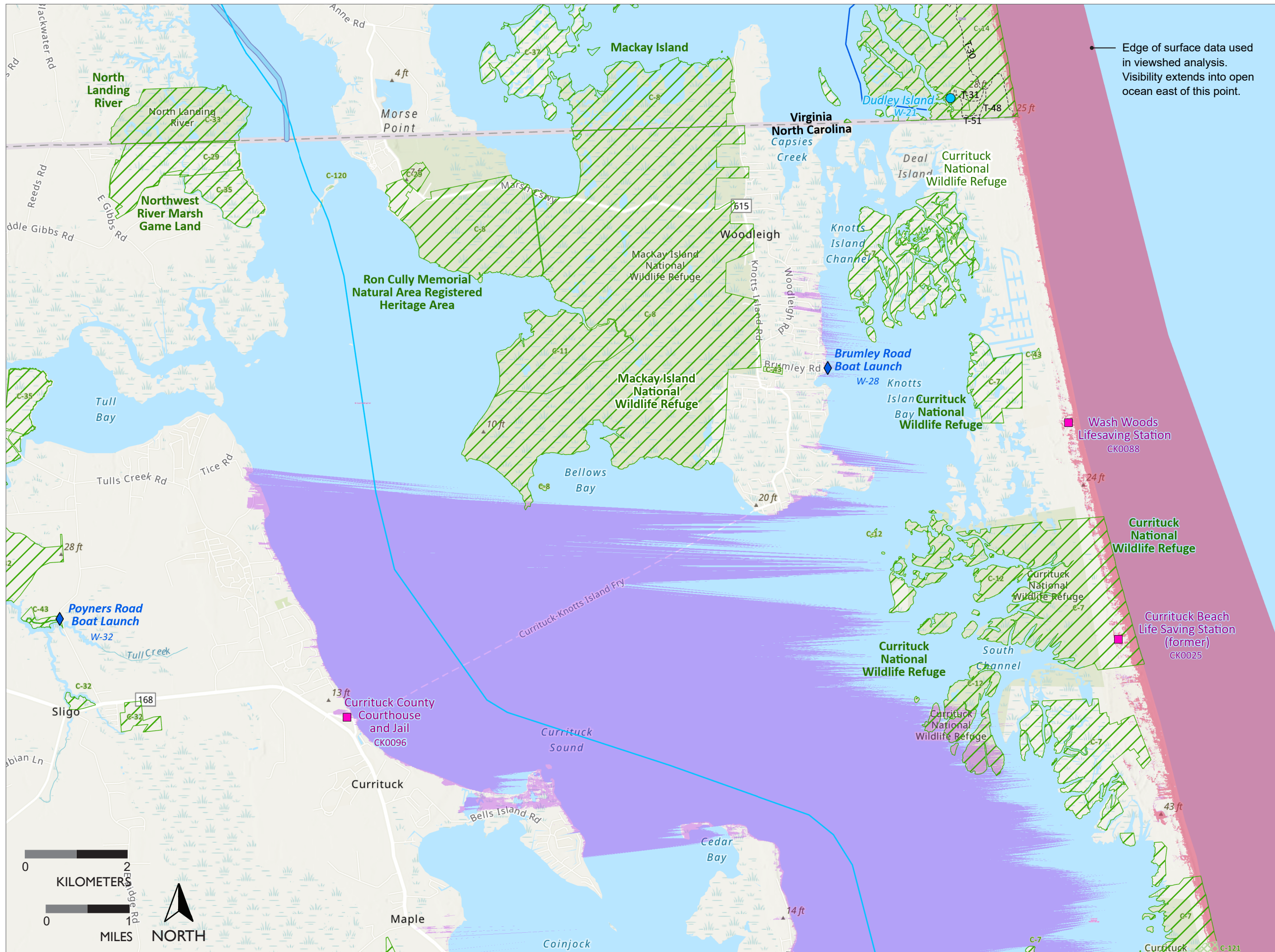
- Onshore Trails
- Birding Wildlife Trail Sites

NOTE: See Map 3 or Key Map for Viewshed Analysis notes.

KITTY HAWK
NORTH WIND



Edge of surface data used in viewshed analysis. Visibility extends into open ocean east of this point.



Edge of surface data used in viewshed analysis. Visibility extends into open ocean east of this point.

COMPUTER-BASED VIEWSHED ANALYSIS

MAP 03C

Potential Visibility of Blade Tips / Hubs based on Topographic + Surface Data

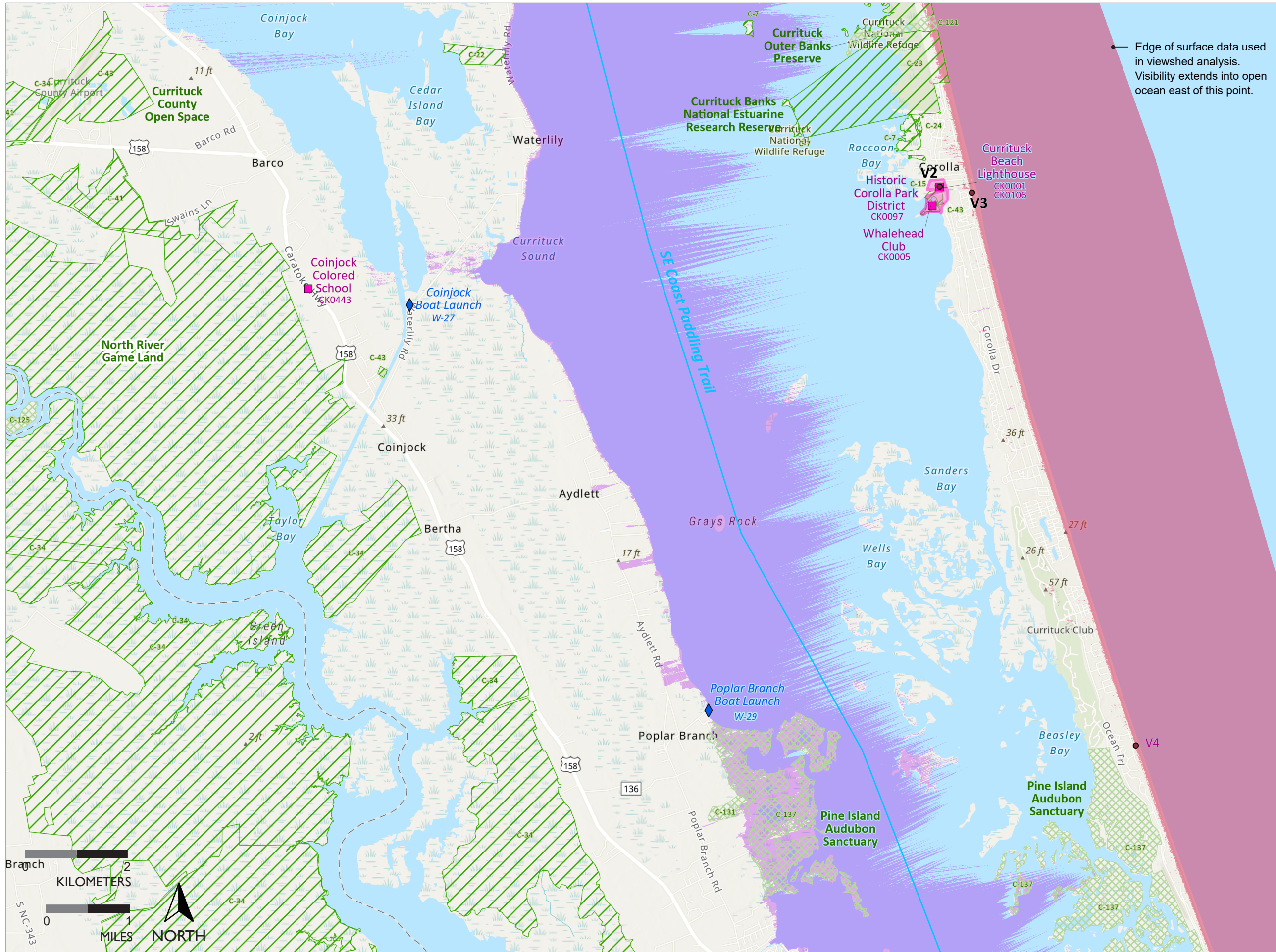
LEGEND

- Study Area Boundary (74 km / 40 nm)
- C-65 Resource ID (see Scenic Resource Table)
- KOP Visualization Locations
- Visibility Analysis**
 - Area of Potential Blade Tip Visibility Based on DTM + DSM
 - Area of Potential Hub Visibility Based on DTM + DSM (blades also visible)
- Conservation Areas**
 - Public Conserved Lands
 - Private Conserved Lands
- Historic Resources**
 - Historic Buildings
 - Historic District
- Water Resources**
 - Scenic Rivers
 - Water Trails
 - SE Coast Paddling Trail
 - Water Access Areas
 - Boating Access Sites
- Trails**
 - Onshore Trails
 - Birding Wildlife Trail Sites

NOTE: See Map 3 or Key Map for Viewshed Analysis notes.

KITTY HAWK NORTH WIND





**COMPUTER-BASED
VIEWSHED ANALYSIS**

MAP 03D

**Potential Visibility of
Blade Tips / Hubs
based on
Topographic + Surface Data**

LEGEND

- Study Area Boundary (74 km / 40 nm)
- Resource ID (see Scenic Resource Table)
- KOP Visualization Locations

Visibility Analysis

- Area of Potential Blade Tip Visibility Based on DTM + DSM
- Area of Potential Hub Visibility Based on DTM + DSM (blades also visible)

Conservation Areas

- Public Conserved Lands
- Private Conserved Lands

Historic Resources

- Historic Buildings
- Historic District

Water Resources

- Scenic Rivers
- Water Trails
- SE Coast Paddling Trail
- Water Access Areas
- ◆ Boating Access Sites

Trails

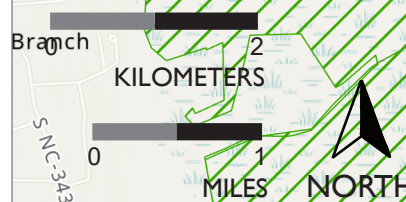
- Onshore Trails
- Birding Wildlife Trail Sites

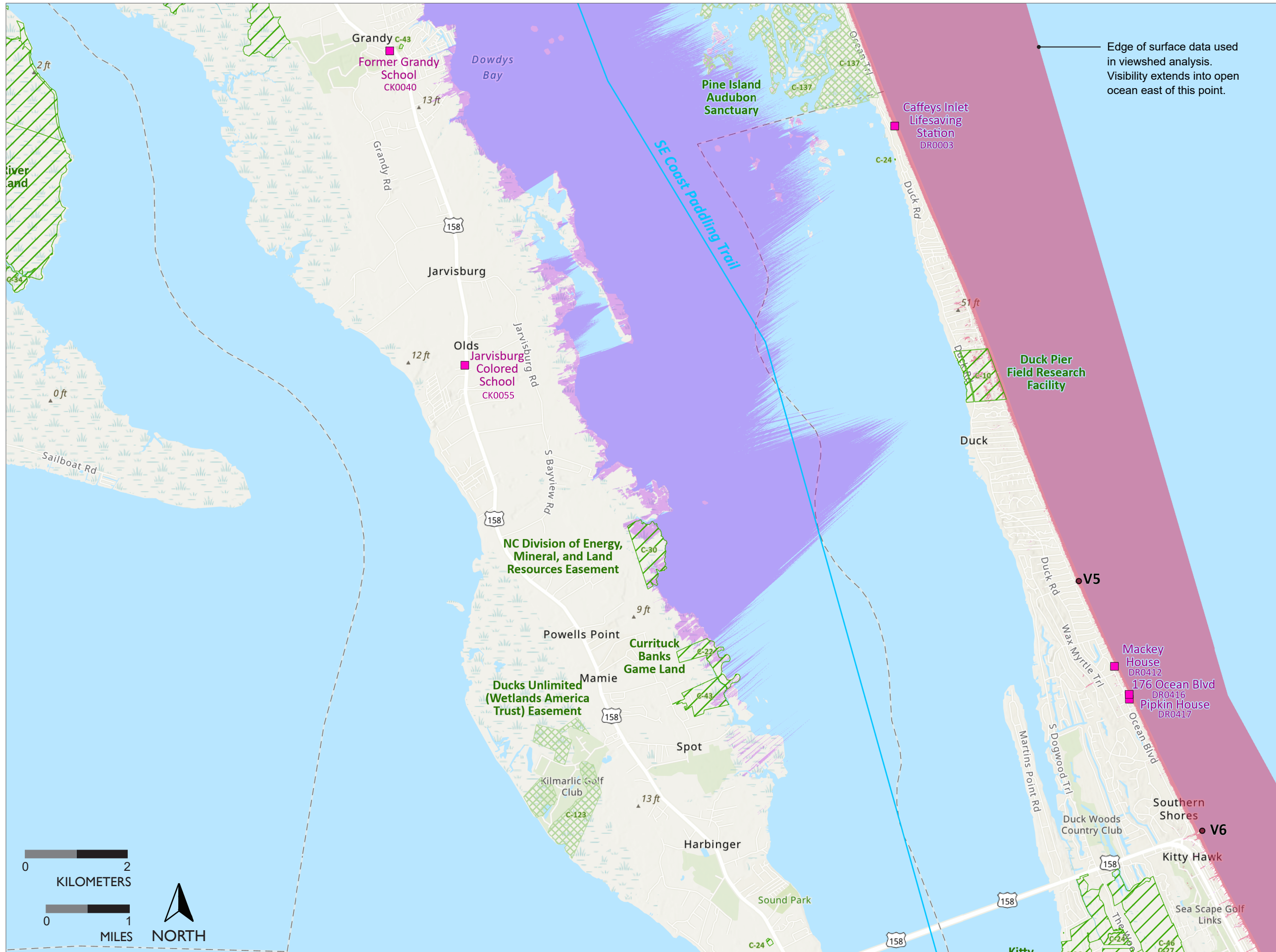
NOTE: See Map 3 or Key Map for Viewshed Analysis notes.

**KITTY HAWK
NORTH WIND**

tjd&a

Edge of surface data used in viewshed analysis. Visibility extends into open ocean east of this point.





**COMPUTER-BASED
VIEWSHED ANALYSIS**

MAP 03E

**Potential Visibility of
Blade Tips / Hubs
based on
Topographic + Surface Data**

LEGEND

- Study Area Boundary (74 km / 40 nm)
- C-65 Resource ID (see Scenic Resource Table)
- KOP Visualization Locations

Visibility Analysis

- Area of Potential Blade Tip Visibility Based on DTM + DSM
- Area of Potential Hub Visibility Based on DTM + DSM (blades also visible)

Conservation Areas

- Public Conserved Lands
- Private Conserved Lands

Historic Resources

- Historic Buildings
- Historic District

Water Resources

- Scenic Rivers
- Water Trails
- SE Coast Paddling Trail
- Water Access Areas
- Boating Access Sites

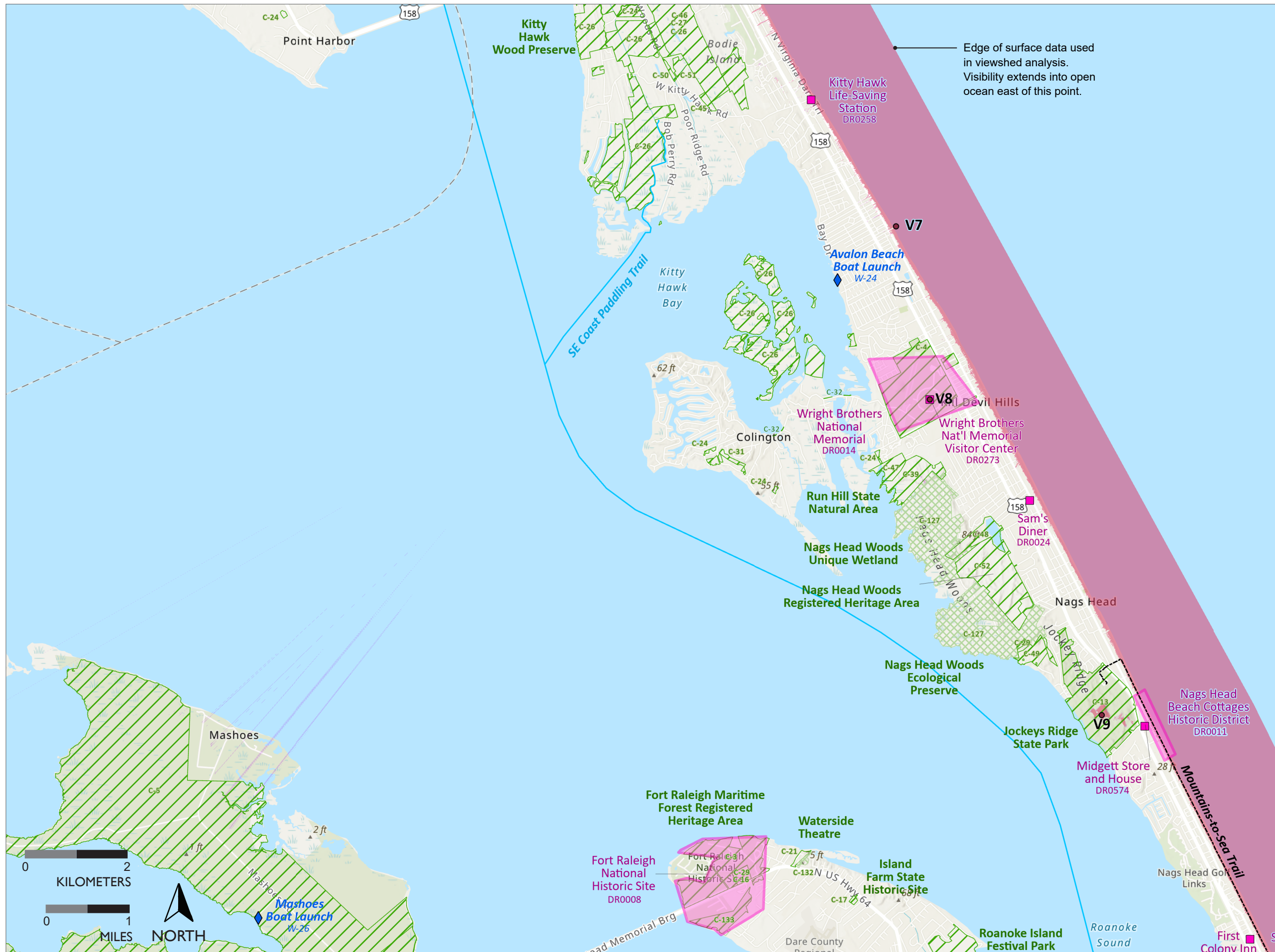
Trails

- Onshore Trails
- Birding Wildlife Trail Sites

NOTE: See Map 3 or Key Map for Viewshed Analysis notes.

**KITTY HAWK
NORTH WIND**





**COMPUTER-BASED
VIEWSHED ANALYSIS**

MAP 03F

**Potential Visibility of
Blade Tips / Hubs
based on
Topographic + Surface Data**

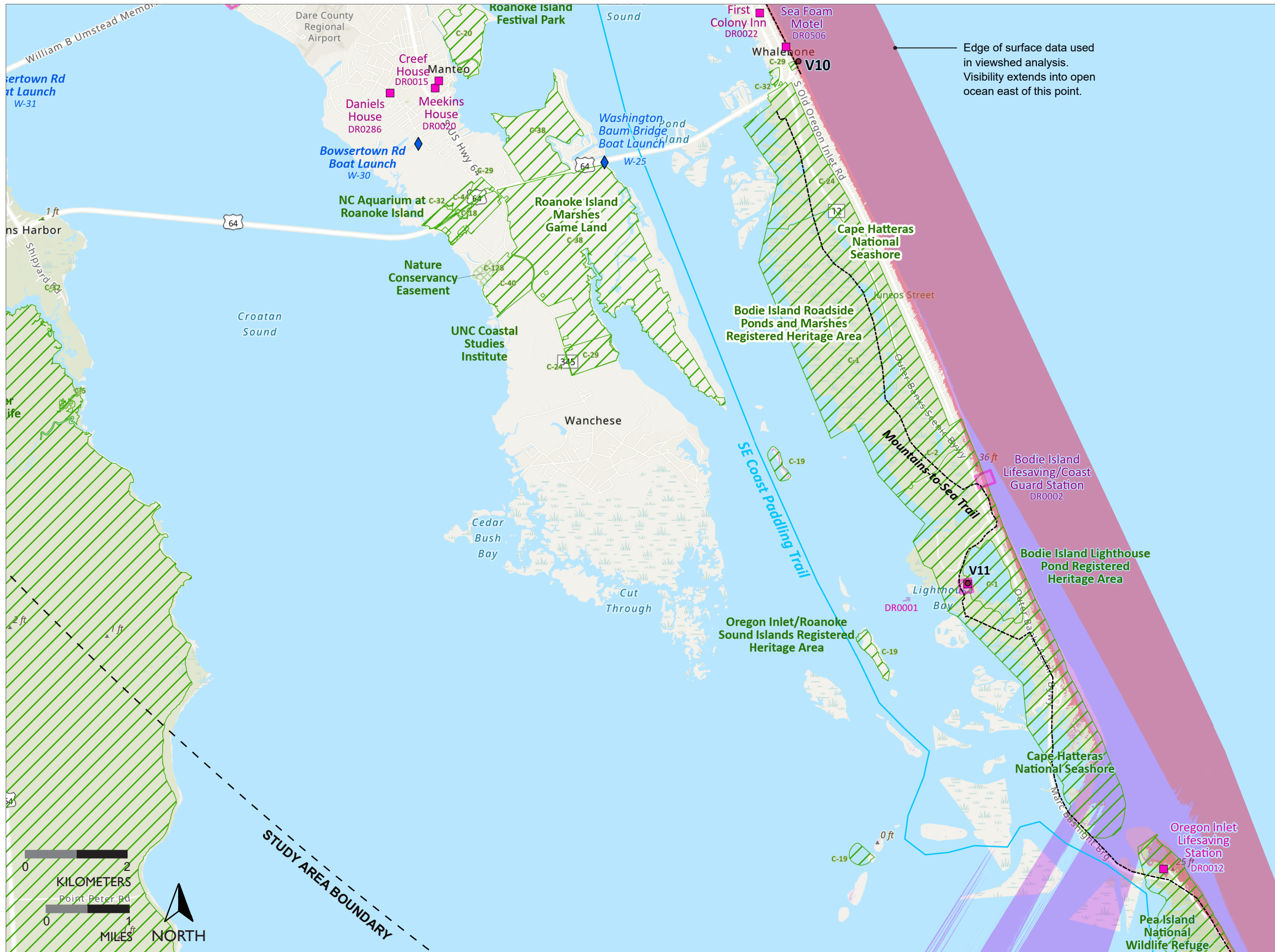
LEGEND

- Study Area Boundary (74 km / 40 nm)
- Resource ID (see Scenic Resource Table)
- KOP Visualization Locations
- Visibility Analysis**
 - Area of Potential Blade Tip Visibility Based on DTM + DSM
 - Area of Potential Hub Visibility Based on DTM + DSM (blades also visible)
- Conservation Areas**
 - Public Conserved Lands
 - Private Conserved Lands
- Historic Resources**
 - Historic Buildings
 - Historic District
- Water Resources**
 - Scenic Rivers
 - Water Trails
 - SE Coast Paddling Trail
 - Water Access Areas
 - ◆ Boating Access Sites
- Trails**
 - Onshore Trails
 - Birding Wildlife Trail Sites

NOTE: See Map 3 or Key Map for Viewshed Analysis notes.

**KITTY HAWK
NORTH WIND**





LEGEND

- Study Area Boundary (74 km / 40 nm)
- Resource ID (see Scenic Resource Table)
- KOP Visualization Locations

Visibility Analysis

- Area of Potential Blade Tip Visibility Based on DTM + DSM
- Area of Potential Hub Visibility Based on DTM + DSM (blades also visible)

Conservation Areas

- Public Conserved Lands
- Private Conserved Lands

Historic Resources

- Historic Buildings
- Historic District

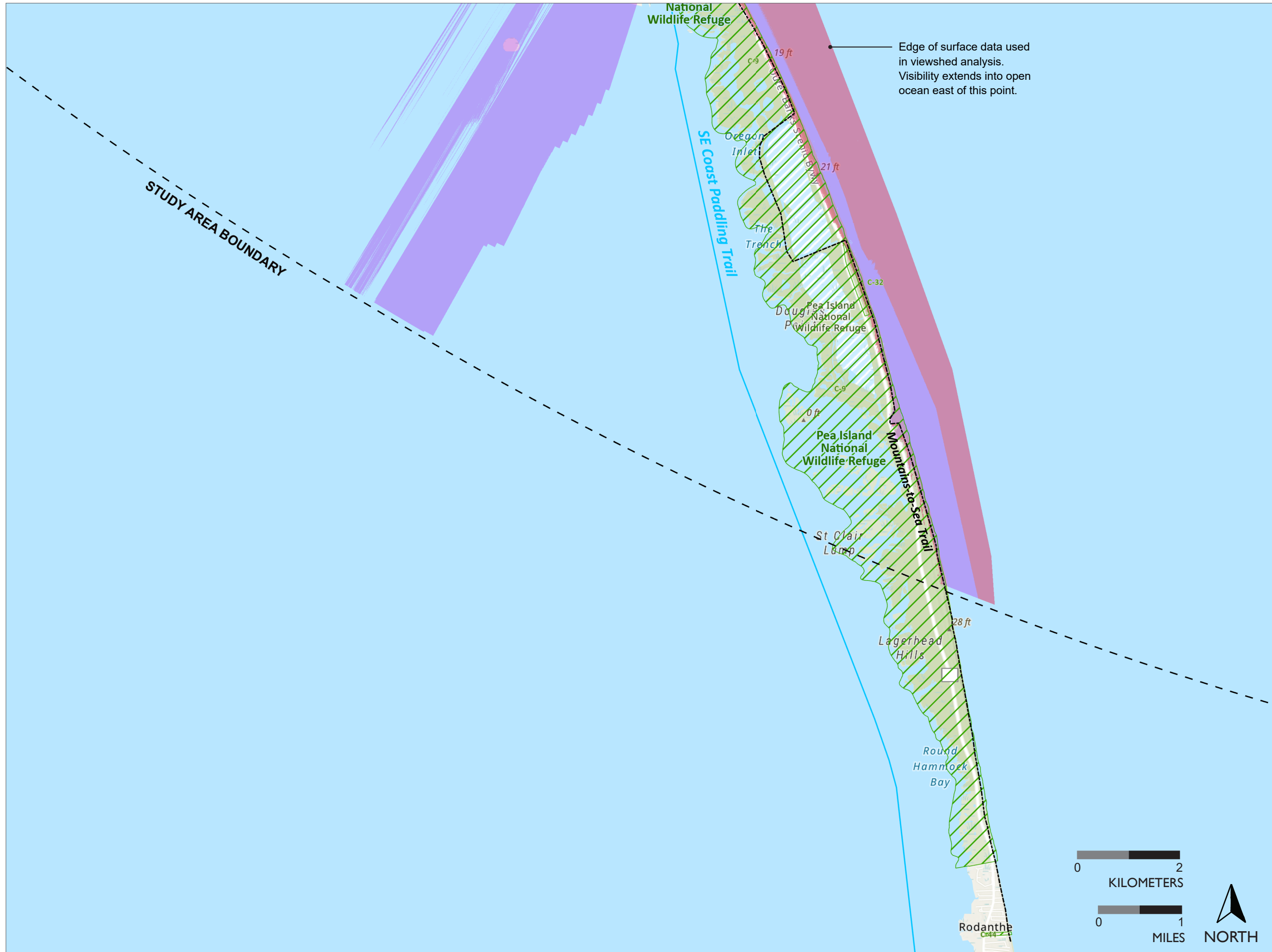
Water Resources

- Scenic Rivers
- Water Trails
- SE Coast Paddling Trail
- Water Access Areas
- Boating Access Sites

Trails

- Onshore Trails
- Birding Wildlife Trail Sites

NOTE: See Map 3 or Key Map for Viewshed Analysis notes.



LEGEND

- Study Area Boundary (74 km / 40 nm)
- C-65 Resource ID (see Scenic Resource Table)
- KOP Visualization Locations

Visibility Analysis

- Area of Potential Blade Tip Visibility Based on DTM + DSM
- Area of Potential Hub Visibility Based on DTM + DSM (blades also visible)

Conservation Areas

- Public Conserved Lands
- Private Conserved Lands

Historic Resources

- Historic Buildings
- Historic District

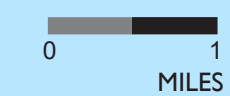
Water Resources

- Scenic Rivers
- Water Trails
- SE Coast Paddling Trail
- Water Access Areas
- Boating Access Sites

Trails

- Onshore Trails
- Birding Wildlife Trail Sites

NOTE: See Map 3 or Key Map for Viewshed Analysis notes.



**COMPUTER-BASED
VIEWSHED ANALYSIS**

MAP 04

**Potential Visibility of
Onshore Substation Site
based on
Topographic + Surface Data**

LEGEND

- Substation Site Study Area
- Potential Infrastructure Visibility
- ONSHORE INFRASTRUCTURE**
- Infrastructure Points in Analysis
- Substation Site Parcel Boundary
- Substation Fence Line
- Sandbridge Route
- Western Route
- SCENIC RESOURCES**
- Public Conserved Lands
- Private Conserved Lands
- Trails

ANALYSIS NOTES

Map shows potential areas of visibility for the proposed above ground infrastructure associated with onshore substation site. The visibility analysis relies on the screening effects of both topography and surface data (accounting for vegetation and structures such as buildings). The analysis is based on a Digital Terrain Model (DTM) processed at 10-foot resolution from first return LiDAR point cloud data acquired from the USGS National Map. The viewer height is set at 1.8 m (5.9 ft) above ground level elevation.

The purple areas represent where a viewer may see the very top of substation site infrastructure when accounting for intervening surface data. See additional notes on Maps 01 – 03.

**KITTY HAWK
NORTH WIND**

